#### Global Change 1: Physical Processes Environ 110, Biol 110, Geosci 171, AOSS 171, ENSCEN 171



# Global Change 1: Introductions

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Interdisciplinary, Team-taught Natural and Social Science Curriculum

"To become better equipped to contribute to the important debates concerning global environmental change, resource management and societal adaptation strategies."

Science and understanding changes, we have to keep up!

### GC1 - Course Objectives

- Understand Earth as an
- "integrated system":
- <u>Change and evolution</u> (stars, solar systems, atmosphere, soils and life evolve from precursors)
- Underlying <u>physical and natural</u> <u>processes</u>, how they work and how they are integrated
- <u>Variability and uncertainty</u> (climate has always varied, prediction is difficult in complex systems)
- <u>Human alteration</u> of Earth's physical and biological systems (rates are key)



### Course Management: U-M's Ctools



#### Lectures



Lectures, cont.

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### Lecture Notes and PowerPoint files





### Information Environment (Lecture Tools)

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Details on Friday ...

Bring your wirelessenabled laptop to class for lecture notes, web access, and real-time searches

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# Labs: Discussions and Analysis Global Change 1 Labs/Discussions Fall 08 Schedule Before lab, read articles In class, discuss questions and activities related to the articles to explore our role in global change.



### System Dynamics Modeling (Stella)

### Population Example:

BIRTHS = (BIRTH RATE)\*(POPULATION)



Stocks are variables

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Flows change stocks. Flows go into or out

**Converters** change relationships between stocks and flows

Connectors allow information to be passed between

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### Next Week's Lab Reading

Before coming to lab, read:

The Challenges We Face -A History of our Future

2003 State of the World р. 3-13



"We have only one or perhaps two generations in which to reinvent ourselves."

### Group Term Project

The term project is a group research activity that will be presented in a PowerPoint class presentation and posted as a website.

Students organize into teams of 3 to develop a plan and implement the project related to the course material.



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Suggestions for project topics and sample projects are offered, but the choice will be left to each team with guidance from your lab instructor.

### Grades

The class uses a **point system** for determining final grades: - Midterms (2): 100 points each

- Final: 150 points
- Lab/Discussion: 13 points each (hand-in by next lab)
- Lecture Homework: 5 points each (hand-in by next lab)
- Term Project: 100 points total
- Surveys/Assessments: 1 point each (excluding UM's E&E)

Optional, non-graded self-tests for lectures available as a link on the CTools site. The total points are normalized on a scale from 0-100, using a straight scale for letter grades. The grades are:

- 0-59 = E
- 60-62, 63-65, 66-69 = D-, D, D+
   70-72, 73-75, 76-79 = C-, C, C+
   80-82, 83-85, 86-89 = B-, B, B+
- 90-92, 93-95, 96 and up = A-, A, A+

### George Kling

Department of Ecology & Evolutionary Biology 1041 Natural Sciences Bldg Office hours, F 3-4 gwk@umich.edu

Teaching: Global Change (Bio 110) Ecosystem Ecology (EEB 476) Limnology (study of lakes; EEB 483)

Research:

Aquatic Ecosystems Impacts of Climate Change Biogeochemistry - Arctic, Africa, Michigan





### "Recent" climate change and variability...





# My Themes

- Global change on our planet can only be understood by combining "abiotic" and "biotic" components - must look at the whole <u>Ecosystem</u>
- A combination of facts and scientific concepts can help us understand even the most complicated problems
- Science is NOThard, and everyone can and MUST learn enough to make rational decisions about our world's future

## **Possible Projects**

- The "missing sink" Where did all the  $CO_2$ • go?
- Microbes rule, Humans . drool
- Does the rainforest really matter?
- The day the Earth turned brown and blue -The limits to food production
- Who's doing who? Climate skeptics and the use and misuse of Science facts
- Who needs more ice? Melting the Earth's glaciers (a.k.a. "Water World 2050", starring B. van der Pluijm as K. Costner...)
- WWF Climate 2008 "rage in the cage" -People vs. Nature
- Abrupt climate change -. can El Nino's run wild?
- . Whatcha gonna do when the rain don't come -Shifts in the Global water cycle

### Me -- Chris Poulsen



 Associate Professor in Dept. of Geological Sciences and Dept. of Atmospheric, Oceanic and Space Sciences

- Paleo/climatologist
- Ancient ice ages
- Times of extreme warmth
- Climate impacts -- water resource
- South American climate and tectonics
- GS114 Global Warming
   GS116 Introductory Geology in the Field
- GS151 Ice Ages Past and Present
- AOSS321 Earth System Dynamics
- AOSS410 Earth System Modeling

### **Our Place in Space**

• How did 'IT' all start?

 What are the origins of our solar system and planet Earth?



### **Evolution of a Habitable Earth**

• Why is Earth the only habitable planet in our solar system?

• What were the steps in making a habitable Earth?



### **Our Solid Earth: Plate Tectonics**

• What is the age of the Earth, and how do we know?

• Plate what?



### **Our Fluid Earth: Ice, Atmosphere & Ocean**

• From fiery hell to icy rock. What controls Earth's climate?

• Why do the winds blow?

• Global warming? How, why, and so what?



### Evolution and Ecology Roadmap

David Allan

We wish to know:

- Where we are going
- Why we should care
- How the pieces fit together
- And, maybe... Who is this guy?



http://tolweb.org/tree phylogeny.html

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My Courses Environ 110 Earth and Ecosystems (fall) a

Environ 111 Human Impacts (winter) Environ 520 Fluvial Ecosystems (fall)





Allan family safari, Serenghetti

### My themes

- Human-induced changes to the planet need to be understood within the context of natural processes and evolutionary change
- Not just climate change: global deforestation and desertification, over-harvested resources, global homogenization of species, altered mineral cycles
- · Life diversity and life processes are at risk

### Efforts to Reconcile God and Nature







Charles Darwin 1809 - 1882

### Threats to Biodiversity

Human actions now threaten species and ecosystems to an extent rarely seen in earth history.



Exotic species





change

## Why should we care about biodiversity?

- · The wonder of nature
- Ecosystem goods and services
  - Clean water, productive soils, the recycling of nutrients, food and fiber, recreation, spiritual renewal
- The accelerating rate of species loss
- Emerging diseases



http://www.divegallery .com/Leafy\_Sea\_Drag on.htm

The March of the Penguins, narrated by Morgan Freeman





Ben van der Pluijm

Professor of Geological Sciences Professor of the Environment Director Global Change Program www.globalchange.umich.edu/Ben vdpluijm@umich.edu or globalchange@umich.edu

#### Research: Structural Geology

Research, Stutterina Georgy field areas: the northern Appalachians, the USA continental interior, North and South America's Grenville, northern Spain's Cartabria, East African Rift, US-Canadian Rockies, San Andreas (CA) and Alpine (NZ) faults. topical areas: brittle and ductile faults, deep-crustal architecture, fault gouge and pseudotachylyte, intraplate stresses, oroclines, clay microstructures and textures, magnetic anisotropy, X-ray goniometry, paleomagnetism, geochronology, physical oceanography

#### Teaching

Interdisciplinary undergraduate teaching (<u>Global Change</u>), Environmental Geology, concentrator and graduate level specialty classes, IT-supported classroom education (<u>GeoPocket</u>), IT-supported field-based education (<u>GeoPad</u>).



### Global Change Curriculum and Minor



http://www.globalghange.umich.edu/



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#### The GC2 Wheel of Lectures (Winter Semester)





Interdisciplinary, Natural and Social Science Curriculum examining Dimensions of Global Change

"To become better equipped to contribute to the important debates concerning global environmental change, resource management and societal adaptation strategies."

# Global Change

Wrapping up

- Global Change encompasses all the ways that our planet has been changing since its formation ~4.5 billion years ago to today, and looking toward the future.
- Humans are affecting Earth and its life support systems at an unprecedented rate, which poses new challenges to humankind and our planet.
- Decisions and good policy require good science.

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.... that is why you are in Global Change !